

*Books By and About Prominent
Indian Socialist Leaders*

(Compiled by Qurban Ali)

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ACHARYA NARENDRA DEVA

Positions Held

Vice-Chancellor, (i) Lucknow University, 1947-51 and (ii) Banaras Hindu University, 1951-54. President, U.P.C.C., 1936-37. Chairman, (i) Socialist Party, 1950-52 and (ii) P.S.P., 1954-56. President Kisan Sabha, 1952. Member, Rajya Sabha, 3-4-1952 to 2-4-1954 and 3-4-1954 to 20-2-1956.

Founder weekly 'Sangharsh'. Author of books on Socialism and Buddhism." Rashtriya aur Samajwad" and "Baudh Dharma Darshan" Gyan Mandal Prakashan, Varansi (UP). Awarded by Bihar Rashtrabhasha Parishad, Patna, 1956 and Sahitya Academy 1957.

Publication on or by Acharya Narendra Deva:

National education, by Narendra Deva. Education Office, 1938-220 pages.

Silver jubilee Lucknow University, by Narendra Deva, Lucknow University. 1949.

Socialism and the National Revolution, by Acharya Narendra Deva. Edited by Yusuf Meherally. (Bombay, 1946).

Socialism and the national revolution, by Narendra Deva. Padma Publications, 1946-208 pages.

Presidential address: The Praja Socialist Party Second National Conference, Gaya, December 26, 1955, by Narendra Deva, Praja Socialist Party. T.P. Works - 16 pages. (reproduced in Selected works of Acharya Narendra Deva, Volume-4, 1952-56).

Democratic socialism in India: readings from the writings of Acharya Narendra Deva, by Chandrodaya Dikshit. Publisher. S. Chand, 1971-82 pages.

Towards socialist society, by Narendra Deva. Edited by Brahmanand. Foreword by Chandra Shekhar. New Delhi: Centre of Applied Politics, 1979. This book is a collection of the speeches the author had delivered and articles written by him, 1979-476 pages.

Towards socialist society: collection of writings and speeches of Narendra Deva (Acharya), by Raghuraja Gupta. Apala, 1990-391 pages.

Articles and speeches, by Narendra Deva. Anupama Publications, 1988-432 pages. Chiefly about the 20th century Indian politics and socialism.

A selection of his writings Narendra Deva. Acharya Narendra Deva Samajwadi Sansthan, 1989-191 pages.

"Acharya Narendra Deva" in 'Indian Socialist Panorama'. Janata, Volume 44, (India). 1989.

Acharya Narendra Deva: A Commemorative Volume. Edited by B.V Keskar and V.K.N. Menon. Publisher, Centre of Applied Politics. New Delhi. 1971.

Acharya Narendra Dev: a commemoration volume, by Acharya Narendra Dev Memorial Committee. National Book Trust, 1971-364 pages. National Book Trust, 1971-364 pages.

Acharya Narendra Deva commemoration volume, Narendra Deva.Centre of Applied Politics, 1978-394 pages.

Acharya Narendra Deva birth centenary, 1989: a selection of his writings, Narendra Deva (Acharya).Edited by Ajay Kumar.Acharya Narendra Deva Samajwadi Sansthan, 1989-191 pages.

Acharya Narendra Deva: Birth Centenary Volume, Edited by Prem Bhasin, Madhu Limaye, Haridev Sharma, Vinod Prasad Singh Published by Radiant Publishers. New Delhi. 1990-386 pages.This volume has been possible because of the untiring zeal and effort of Dr Hari Dev Sharma.The contribution made by From Prem Bhasin, Madhu Limaye, Vinod Prasad Singh, Ravinder Manchanda, Kamal Morarka, Yashwant Sinha and others.

Acharya Narendra Deva: a centenary tribute, 1991-92, by Anjan Kumar Banerji, Banaras Hindu University. 1991-103 pages.Birth centennial volume for Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, Indian social reformer; comprises articles on him.Acharya Narendra Deva, the father of democratic socialism in India, was a great freedom fighter, great political thinker and outstanding academician.

Selected Works of Acharya Narendra Deva: Volume One, 1928-1940, Edited by Haridev Sharma.Nehru Memorial Museum and Library.Radiant Publishers, 1998-372.

Selected Works of Acharya Narendra Deva:Volume Two, 1941-1948. Edited by Haridev Sharma.Nehru Memorial Museum and Library.Radiant Publishers, 1998-352.

Selected Works of Acharya Narendra Deva:Volume Three, 1948-1952. Edited by Haridev Sharma.Nehru Memorial Museum and Library.Radiant Publishers, 1999-367.

Selected Works of Acharya Narendra Deva: Volume Four, 1952-56. Edited by Haridev Sharma.Nehru Memorial Museum and Library.Radiant Publishers, 1999-553.

Complete works of Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, social reformer; includes articles and transcript of speeches on socialism and politics.

WORKS IN HINDI

Bhāratiya rāshtrīya āndolana kā itihasa,by Narendra Deva.Navayuga Prakāśana Mandira, 1931-89 pages.

RASHTRİYATA AUR SAMAJWAD, by Narendra Deva. GYAN MANDAL PRAKASHAN, VARANSI (U.P).1949-745 pages.

Rāshtrīyatā aura samājavāda, by Narendra Deva.Neśanala Buka Ṭraṣṭa, Iṇḍiyā, 2002 - 523 pages.On nationalism and socialism with reference to India.(Published in 1949 and 1955 and later in 1979 by Gyan Mandal).

Bauddha-dharma-darśana,by Narendra Deva. Bihāra Rāshṭrabhāshā-Parishad, 1956-766 pages.

Abhidharmakośa, Volume 1, by Vasubandhu, Narendra Deva. Hindustānī Ekeḍemī, 1958-443.Philosophy.

Caturtha tathā paṃcama kośasthāna, by Vasubandhu, Ācārya Narendra Deva.Hindustānī Ekeḍemī, 1973-267 pages.

Bauddhadharma-darśana, by Narendra Deva. Motilāla Banārasīdāsa Pabliśarsa, 1994-690 pages. On Buddhism and Buddhist philosophy.

Bauddh Dharma Darshan, by Narendra Dev. Motilal Banarsidass Publishe, 2001. The Present work is an accurate and reliable compilation and the fullest collection of verified Materia Medica facts and clinical suggestions.

Āryanāgārjunīyaṃ Madhyamakaśāstram Nāgārjuna, by Narendra Deva, Dwarikadas Shastri (Swami.), Candrakīrti Bauddhabhāratī, 1983-320, pages. Verse work, with classical commentary, on the basic tenets of the Mādhyamika school in Buddhist philosophy.

Mahāyānasūtrālaṅkāra Asanga, by Acharya Narendra Deva, Swarika Das Shastri (Swami). Bauddha Bhāratī, 1985-285 pages. Classical verse work on Mahayana in Sarvāstivād school of Buddhist philosophy.

Sāhitya, śikshā, evam samskr̥ti, by Narendra Deva. Prabhāta Prakāśana, 1988-200 pages.

Meghadūta evam paravarttī dūta-kāvya: Samskr̥ta-sāhitya ke 120 dūta-kāvyaṃ ke kramabaddha sarvāṅgīna anuśīlana, "Samskr̥tetara-sāhitya mem dūta-kāvya-paramparā", "Loka-gītoṃ mem sandeśa-preshaṇa", acarcita anya 100 dūta-kāvyaṃ ke sūcana se samanvita vistṛta "prākkathana" evaṃ viśiṣṭa "prastāvanā" se alaṅkṛta samīkshā grantha, by Narendra Deva, Rudradeva Tripathī. Sāhitya-Saṃvardhana-Saṃsthāna, 1990-457 pages. Critical study of Meghadūta of Kālidāsa and Sanskrit poetical works based on Meghadūta.

Bilhana kālīna Bhārata, by Narendra Deva. Jānakī Prakāśana, 2006-116 pages. Study on socio-economic, religious, and political condition of India in the times of Bilhana, 11th century Sanskrit poet; chiefly based on his poem Vikramankadevacarita.

Narendradeva, vyakti aura pramukha vicara, Narendra Deva, Ajaya Kumāra, Ācārya Narendradeva Samājavādī Saṃsthāna (Kashi Vidyapith) Ācārya Narendradeva Samājavādī Saṃsthāna, 1989-185 pages.

Achārya Narendradeva janmaśatī grantha, by Prem Bhasin, Narendra Deva. Rediyenta Pabliśarsa, 1990- 216 pages.

Ācārya Narendra Deva vanmaya: khandā 1. 1918-1938, Narendra Deva, Om Prakash Kejariwal, Nehru Memorial Museum and Library. Neharū Smāraka Sarigrahālaya evam Pustakālaya. Complete works of Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, social reformer; includes articles and transcript of speeches on socialism and politics.

Acharyarya Narendra Deva vanmaya, Volume 3, on Narendra Deva, Om Prakash Kejariwal, Nehru Memorial Museum and Library. Neharū Smāraka Sarigrahālaya evam Pustakālaya.

Ācārya Narendra Deva ke rājanītika vicāra, by Rāmabahādura Varmā. Mānasī Prakāśana, 1994-160 pages. On the political thoughts of Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, socialist leader.

Acharya Narendra Deva by Jagdish Chandra Dikshit.

Acharya Narendra Dev Bichar Aur Dristi, by Gopal Upadhyaya.

Mahāna samājavādī Ācārya Narendra Deva, by Prema Lāla Sinha. Rāhī Prakāśana, 2009-160 pages. On the life and works of Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, Indian social worker and freedom fighter.

BOOKS ON NARENDRA DEVA

Archarya Narendra Deva, Father of Democratic Socialism in India. N. G. Goray. Praja Socialist Party. Lucknow: Satya Ray for Samajwadi Publications, n.d. 8 p.

India since independence--from the preamble to the present, by V. K. N. Menon, Acharya Narendra Dev Pustakalaya. S. Chand, 1970-48 pages. Mentioned about Acharyas contribution in Nation building.

Narendra Deva's interpretation of Buddhist Philosophy, in Early Buddhism and its origins, by Vishwanath Prasad Varma. Munshiram Manoharlal Publishers, 1973-505 pages.

Socialism in theory and practice: Narendra Deva's contribution, by Asha Gupta. Gitanjali Publication House, 1987-266 pages. On the thoughts and ideology of Acharya Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, socialist leader and founder of the Socialist Party of India.

Socio-cultural transformation of Indian society and the thought of Acharya Narendra Deva, by Prem Bhasin. Acharya Narendra Deva Samajvadi. 1991-72 pages.

Acharya Narendra Deva-Concept of Socialism, by S.R Bakshi. New Delhi. Anmol Publishers.

"Acharya Narendra Dev: His Age and Ideals." By Information & Public Relations Department, Lucknow, UP.

Great educator, Acharya Narendra Deva, by Subhash Misra. Durga Publications, 2009 - 195 pages. On the philosophical and educational ideas of Acharya Narendradeva, 1889-1956, Indian educationist and social reformer.

Encyclopaedia of Indian Literature: A-CY. Indranātha Caudhurī, Mastarāma Kapūra, Sāhitya Akādemi. Sāhitya Akādemi, 2006-135 pages. On the life and work of Narendra Deva, 1889-1956, socialist leader, social reformer, and freedom fighter.

Narendra Deva, by Lambert M Surhone, Mariam T Tennoe, Susan F Henssonow. Betascript Publishing, 2011 - 76 pages.

Please note that the content of this book primarily consists of articles available from Wikipedia or other free sources online. Acharya Narendra Deva (1889-1956) was one of the leading theorists of the Congress Socialist Party in India. His democratic socialism renounced violent means as a matter of principle, and embraced the satyagraha as a revolutionary tactic. Deva was first drawn to nationalism around 1915 under the influence of B G Tilak and Aurobindo Ghosh. As a teacher he became interested in Marxism and Buddhism. He was also active in the Hindi language movement. He was a key leader of Congress Socialist Party from its founding in 1934, and was imprisoned several times during the freedom struggle. He was at various times a member of the Uttar Pradesh legislative assembly, and after 1948 served as vice-chancellor of Lucknow University.

Research facilities in Uttar Pradesh, by Saiyid Mohammad Jafar. Indian Documentation Service, 1971-221 pages.

JAYPRAKASH NARAYAN

PUBLICATIONS OF JAYAPRAKASH NARAYAN/Books by JP:

Why Socialism? Jayprakash Narayan, CSP Varansi 1936.

War Circulars, 1-4, CSP, by JP Narayan. Lucknow. 1939.

Towards Struggle, edited by Yusuf Meherally Padma Publications. Bombay 1946.

Inside Lahore Fort, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Sahityalaya Patna 1947. Madras: Socialist Book Centre, 1959.

Inside Lahore Fort, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Socialist Book Centre, 1959-124 pages.

From Socialism to Sarvodaya, Sarva Seva Sangh Prakashan, Varansi 1957.

Towards a new society, by Jai Prakash Narain, Jayaprakash Narayan. Office for Asian Affairs, Congress for Cultural Freedom, 1958- 170 pages.

A plea for reconstruction of Indian polity, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Akhil Bharat Sarva Seva Sangh Prakashan, 1959-119 pages.

Sarvodaya answer to Chinese aggression, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Sarvodaya Prachuralaya, 1963-40 pages.

Swaraj for the people, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Akhil Bharat Sarva Seva Sangh, 1963-33 pages.

The challenges after Nehru, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Sarvodaya Prachuralaya, 1964-33 pages.

Socialism, Sarvodaya and Democracy. Edited by Bimal Prasad. Asia Publishing House, Bombay 1964.

Three basic problems of free India, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Asia Pub. House, 1964-48 pages.

Sarvodaya, Volume 15. Journal. Sarvodaya Prachuralaya, 1965.

Communitarian Society and Panchayati Raj, edited by Brahmanand. Navchetna Prakashan, Varansi 1970.

Towards Revolution, edited by Bhargava and Phadnis, Arnold-Heinemann. New Delhi, 1975.

Towards fair and free elections, by Jayaprakash Narayan. Lok Niti Parishad, 1975-96 pages.

Towards total revolution, Volume 2, by Jai Prakash Narain. Popular Prakashan, 1978.

J. P.'s call to R.S.S. Speech, originally delivered in Hindi by Jayaprakash Narayan at the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh Training Camp in Patna on November 3, 1977. Bangalore: Jagarana Prakashana, 1979-8 pages.

J.P.'s Jail Life (A Collection of Personal Letters) translated by G S Bhargava, Arnold-Heinemann New Delhi 1977.

Towards Total Revolution. Edited by Brahmanand. Popular Prakashan. Bombay, 1978.

J P: Profile of a non-conformist, Interviews by Bhola Chatterji, Minerva Associates, Calcutta, 1979.

To All Fighters of Freedom II, A Revolutionary's Quest-selected writings of Jayprakash Narayan, edited by Bimal Prasad Oxford University Press New Delhi 1980.

A revolutionary's quest: selected writings of Jayprakash Narayan, by Jayprakash Narayan.Oxford University Press, 1980 - 406 pages.

Jayprakash Narayan, essential writings, 1929-1979: a centenary volume, 1902-2002.

Biographies and Books on JP:

Red Fugitive: Jayprakash Narayan by H L Singh Dewans Publications Lahore 1946.

Life and Time of Jayprakash Narayan by J S Bright Dewans Publications Lahore 1946.

"J.P." India's revolutionary number one, Jayprakash Narayan. Varma Pub. Co., 1947-220 pages.

Jayprakash Narayan: His life and Thought, Commemorative Volume, J.P's 61st Birthday Celebration Committee, Madras, 1963.

Loknayak Jayprakash Narayan, by Suresh Ram Macmillan Co. Delhi 1974

Jayprakash Narayan: A Political Biography by Ajit Bhattacharyajee Vikas Publications New Delhi 1975.

J.P.: His Biography, Allan and Wendy Scarfe, Orient Longmans New Delhi 1975.

Jayprakash: Rebel Extraordinary, by Lakshmi Narayan Lal, Indian Book Company New Delhi 1975.

Jayprakash Narayan analysed through Gandhian Prism-Hari Kishore Thakur.

J.P.-India's Revolutionary Number One. Editor,B.N. Ahuja.

Is J.P. the Answer? by Minoo Masani.

J.P.'s Mission Partly Accomplished, by Minoo Masani.

Who was this Man, by Minoo Masani.

J.P.'s crusade for Revolution, by Vasant Nargolkar.

J.P Vindicated, by Vasant Nargolkar.

Unacknowledged Aeronaut (An analysis of JP Movement) by Achyutanand Prasad.

Jaypeocracy: Theory and Practice, by Achyutanand Prasad.

Loknayak Jayprakash Narayan, by Farooq Argali. Janata Pocket Books. Delhi, 1977

J.P., From Marxism to Total Revolution by Ramchandra Gupta

Jayaprakash Narayan and the Future of Indian Democracy. Editor, T K Mahadevan

Bihar shows the way (With 96 Illustrations) by Raghu Rai and Sunanda K. Dutta Ray.

Politics of the JP Movement, by Radhakant Barik

Real Face of JP's Total Revolution, by Indradeep Sinha.

Protest Movements in Two Indian States (A study of Gujarat and Bihar Movements) by Ghanshyam Shah.

Jayaprakash Narayan, by Rajendra Prasad Academy. Konark Publishers, 2002-471 pages.

Jayaprakash Narayan: His Socialist Ideology, by S R Bakhshi.

Total Revolution for All, by Rammurti

Glimpses of the JP Movement, by R N Dweadi

Concept of Total Revolution: An Introductory Essay (JP and social change) by Bimal Prasad.

Jayaprakash Narayan: Abhinandan Granth (English and Hindi) Editor, K.L Sharma, 1978.

The Quest and the Goal, Commemorative Volume, J.P's 76th Birthday Celebration Committee, Madras, 1979.

Jayaprakash Narayan: His life and Thought, Commemorative Volume, J.P's 61st Birthday Celebration Committee, Madras, 1963.

Bihar shows the way (With 96 Illustrations) by Raghu Rai and Sunanda K. Dutta Ray.

India: struggle for freedom, political, social and economic, by Jayaprakash Narayan, Yusuf Meherally. Hope India Publications, 2006 -244 pages. This is a collection of important writings and speeches of Jayaprakash Narayan on India's struggle for freedom, political, social and economic. It seeks to understand many a twist and turn of the complex story of our Swaraj. Also, it is an easy way to go to understand JP, his world view, his ideology and so forth. All in all, it is a document of great historical value!

Seeks To Present In A Single Volume Jayaprakash's Most Significant Writings Over 50 Years (1929-1979). Give A Glimpse Into His Role In Public Life. The Presentation Is Under 40 Heads-Upto 1979.

Loknayak Jayaprakash Narayan: man of the century, Volume 1. Jayaprakash Narayan, Sachchidananda. Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 2002.

Excerpts of transcript from different newspapers and journals on Jai Prakash Narain and his contribution in Indian politics.

Loknayak Jayaprakash Narayan: JP centenary memorial. Jayaprakash Narayan, Sachchidananda (Swami). Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 2002. Excerpts of transcript from different newspapers and journals on Jai Prakash Narain and his contribution in Indian politics.

J.P., his biography, by Allan Scarfe, Wendy Scarfe. Orient Blackswan, 1998-274 pages. This revised edition brings to a close the fascinating life story of Jayaprakash Narayan, one of the last outstanding moral and political figures who carried forward Gandhi's legacy of non-violent mass struggle and village self-sufficiency into post-Independence India. The biography vividly illustrates JP's infinite capacity for reflection and change, working relentlessly as he did for issues as varied as the freedom struggle, panchayati raj, workers' rights, and collective self-help.

Jayaprakash Narayan: a political biography, by Ajit Bhattacharjee. Vikas Pub. House, 1978-229 pages.

Jayaprakash Narayan: quest and legacy, by Bimal Prasad. Vikas Pub. House, 1992-205 pages.

Jayaprakash Narayan: struggle with values: a centenary tribute, by Madhu Dandavate. Allied Publishers, 2002-307 pages. Jayaprakash Narayan, 1902-1979, Indian statesman.

Jayaprakash Narayan: 1939-1946, by Bimal Prasad, Nehru Memorial Museum and Library. Manohar, 2003-349 pages. In Ten Volumes. This Series Of Volumes Has Been Planned With A View To Presenting As Full A Picture As Possible Of The Evolution Of J.P.'S Political Life And Thought Through His Writings, Speeches And Letters.

Nation Building in India-JP Narayan, edited by Brahmanand, Navchetna Prakashan. Varansi 1974.

PURSHOTTAM TRICUMDAS

BOOKS BY PURSHOTAM TRICUMDAS

Purshottam Trikam Das v. Emperor, AIR 1946 Bom 333 a Division Bench of the Bombay High Court consisting of Sen and Gajendragadkar, JJ. Observed in the case "Emperor vs Purshottam Trikamdas" on 10 October, 1945.

Sauce for the goose: a three act play, by Purshottam Trikamdas. Padma, 1946-82 pages. Sauce for the Goose, by Purushottam Tricumdas, (Baroda, 1946).

Oh, hell! a play in three acts, by Purshottam Trikamdas. National Information & Publications, 1947-83 pages.

The living mask, by Purshottam Trikamdas. Padma Publications, 1947- 205 pages.

An eastern journey, by Purshottam Trikamdas. Afro-Asian Council, 1961-32 pages.

The face of communism, by Purshottam Trikamdas. Published by T.R. Ramakrishnan for the Praja Socialist Party, 1962 - 14 pages.

None So Blind, by Purshottam Trikamdas. Ill, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

Law and Liberty, by Purshottam Trikamdas.

Oral History interview of Purshottam Trikamdas on 9th October, 1967.

Life and Letters of Purshottam Trikamdas. Autobiography (Unpublished).

Dr. Sampurnanand

PUBLICATIONS OF SAMPURNANANDA

Dr. Sampurnanand was an eminent nationalist, freedom fighter and a great thinker with a socialistic background. His other publications are 'Maharaja Chhatrasal', 'Bharat ke Deshi Rajya', 'Aryon ka Adi Desh. Vratyakanda-atharvaveda, Chidvilas, Antarrashtriya Vidhan, Kuch Smritiyan Aur Kuch Sphurt Vichar, Hindu Vivah Main Kanyadan Ka Sthan and Samajwad for which he received Mangla Prasad Prize. A Sampurnanand Sanskrit University named after him under the U.P. State University Act, 1973, in 1974.

Indian socialism, by Sampurnananda. Asia Pub. House, Bombay, 1961-131 pages. The Problem of Ideology and the Communist Approach to It Sampurnanand. THE issue of the Economic Review bearing date August 1, 1958, carried an article by me under the caption ' Congress Ideology and Programme ' and the August ...

Memories and reflections, by Sampurnananda. Asia Pub. House, 1962. Autobiography. 188 pages

Evolution of the Hindu pantheon, by Sampūrṇānanda. Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, 1963-102 pages

The Individual and the State, by Sampurnanand. Published by Kitab Mahal, Allahabad Pages, 1949-142 and 1957-146 pages. Mr. Sampurnanand has in this book advanced views on the various theories of the state; towards the end he gives his own views.

Samajavada, by Sampurnananda. Kasi Vidyapith, 1936 and 1947-332 pages. (Received Mangla Prasad Prize).

Antarrashtriya Vidhan, Sampurnanand.

Samyavadi Bigul (Samyavadi Sahitya ki Utkrusht Pustak). Banaras (1940)

GANESH, by Sampurnanand. Kashi Vidyapith, Benares. Page 60 with three appendices. Price Rs. 2-8. This is a masterly illustrated monograph by & writer, who is outstanding among the modern authors in Hindi for his deep knowledge.

Prithvi Se Saptarshi Mandal, by Dr. Sampurnanand (1953).

Alakanandā, by Sampūrṇānanda. 1959.

Kucha Smritiyan aur kucha sphuta vichar, by Sampūrṇānanda. Jnanamandala, 1962. Autobiography. 256 pages.

Graha-nakshatra, by Sampūrṇānanda. 1965-43 pages.

Vedamantroṃ ke prakāśa meṃ: sāta vicāra-preraka tathā jīvana-nirmāṇakārī ākhyāyikāṃ, by Sampūrṇānanda. Sastā Sāhitya Maṇḍala, 1966 - 88 pages.

Sphuṭa nibandha, by Sampūrṇānanda. Śrīrāma Meharā, 1967 - 278 pages.

Vedārtha praveśikā, by Sampūrṇānanda. Bhāratiya Jñānapīṭha Prakāśana, 1969-84 pages.

Ganganaguphā, by Sampūrṇānanda. Kāśī Nāgarī Pracāriṇī Sabhā, 1969-153 pages.

Adhūrī krānti, by Sampūrnānanda. Bhāratīya Saṃskṛti Punarutthāna Samiti, Uttara Pradeśa, 1970 - 155 pages.

Samajavada. praśāsana, aura hama, by Sampūrnānanda. Neśanala Pabliśiṅga Hāusa, 1970-196 pages.

Caritacarcā, jīvanadarśana, by Sampūrnānanda. Nāgarīpracāriṅī Sabhā, 1977-186 pages

Antariksha-yātrā: Lēkhaka : Sampūrnānanda.Sūcanā Vibhāga, Uttara Pradesa - 28 pages.

Vratyakanda-Atharvaveda, by Sampurnanand. Motilal Banarsidass Publishers Pvt. Ltd.

Hindu vivah mein kanyadan ka sthan, by Sampurnananda/Samir.1982

Samidhā, by Sampūrnānanda, Uttar Pradesh (India). Information Dept. Sūcanā Vibhāga, Uttara Pradeśa, 196?-125 pages.

Essays on various topics, translated from English.

Āryon kā ādi deśa, Sampūrnānanda.Bhāratī Bhandāra, 1941 and 1965-203 pages.

Chidvilas, by Sampurnand. This book on philosophy, entitled Chidvilas, was written on the suggestion of Gandhiji in 1939.

Bharat ke desi rastra (1918), Antarrastriy vidhan (1924), Maharaja Chhatrasal' 'Hindu Vivah Main Kanyadan Ka Sthan' and Dharamveer Gandhi by Sampurnand.

SAMPURNANAND PAPERS (1922-1968) Dr. Sampurnanand was born on 1 January 1889 at Benares; began his career as a teacher, January 1955-December 1960; Governor of Rajasthan, April 1962-May 1967.

Dr. Sampurnanand, came in contact with Mahatma Gandhi and was deeply influenced by him. He written 'Dharmvir Gandhi' (a life sketch of the Mahatma during his South African Campaign, 1914).Collection of private papers in National Archives of India. National Archives of India. 1990-40 pages.

BOOKS ON SAMPURNANAND

Sampurnanand, by Lambert M Surhone, Mariam T Tennoe, Susan F Henssonow. Betascript Publishing, 18 April 2011-92 pages. Please note that the content of this book primarily consists of articles available from Wikipedia or other free sources online. Dr Sampurnanand (January 1, 1891 - March 7, 1969) was a teacher and politician in Uttar Pradesh, India. He was elected to the Uttar Pradesh legislative assembly and served as chief minister of the state from 1954 to 1960.If we consider single tenure in the office of the U.P. C.M. then Dr. Sampurnanand had the longest stretch from 28 December 1954 to 7 December 1960, which is almost six years in the office. Dr. Sampurnanand, a scholar of Sanskrit and Hindi, succeeded Govind Ballabh Pant. His council of ministers numbered 28 and the educationist ruled UP till Dec 7, 1960.

Sampurnanand Sanskrit University, by Lambert M Surhone, Mariam T Tennoe, Susan F Henssonow. Betascript Publishing,13 May-2011-96 pages. Please note that the content of this book primarily consists of articles available from Wikipedia or other free sources online. Sampurnanand Sanskrit

University is an institution of higher learning in oriental learning, Sanskrit allied areas, etc. and is located in Benares which is also known as Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh, India. In the year 1791, during British rule in India Jonathan Duncan, Resident of the East India Company proposed an establishment of Sanskrit College for development and preservation of Sanskrit Vangmaya and to show that English people are in favour of development of India people. This was sanctioned by Governor General Lord Cornwallis. The first teacher of this Institution was Pandit Kashinath. Governor General sanctioned a budget of Rs. 20,000 per annum at that time. The first principal of Government Sanskrit College was J. Myor, followed by Dr. J.R. Ballentien, Ralph T. H. Griffith, Dr. G. Thevo, Dr. Aurthor Venice, Sir Ganganath Jha, and Gopinath Kaviraj among others.

Sampurnanand was born 1889, in a lower middle class family in Varanasi. The family environment under which ... Like all youths of the early ' twenties Sampurnanand was greatly stirred by the nationalist fervour of the time Socialist thought in modern India, by Rai Akhilendra Prasad. Meenakshi Prakashan, 1974-300 pages.

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Kamaladevi's radical stance on the nationalist cause, birth control, and women's rights led Gandhi to block her ascension within the Indian National Congress leadership, partially contributing to her decision to leave in 1939. In Europe to attend several international women's conferences, Kamaladevi then spent eighteen months in the U.S. visiting luminaries such as Eleanor Roosevelt and Margaret Sanger, lecturing on politics in India, and observing numerous social reform programs.

This paper argues that Kamaladevi's experience within Congress throughout the 1930s demonstrates the importance of gender in Indian nationalist politics; that her critique of Western "international" women's organizations must be acknowledged as a precursor to the politics of modern third world feminism; and finally, Kamaladevi is one of the twentieth century's truly global historical agents.

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MADHU LIMAYE

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"This book Madhu Limaye on Famous Personalities contains a collection of articles exploring certain unknown facets of these famous personalities. The first article conveys the manner in which Gandhiji transformed political activism in India. The article on Sardar Patel communicates the core belief of the Sardar in an "ordered state" and his efforts towards establishing it in India.

One article reviews affinities and differences between Mahatmaji and Netaji Subhas Bose, while another article pays homage to Jawaharlal Nehru, Mahatmaji's heir apparent. Two articles are about Rajen Babu. One describes how he adroitly defeated Jawaharlal's attempts to deny him the post of "the president of our republic", and the other about his contribution as well as his attempts to define the role and responsibilities of the 'President of India'.

There are articles that deal with little known aspects of certain famous persons like Mohammed Ali Jinnah, Pandita Ramabai and Mahadev Govind Ranade.

One section deals with obituaries or pen sketches of eminent persons like Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Morarji Desai, Indira Gandhi, and about Madhuji's personal relations with many of them despite his political differences with them.

Finally, one section of articles throws light on biases and limitations held by Marx and Engels. Two articles deal with developments in the Soviet Union in the years during which Mikhail Gorbachev made to transform the Soviet Union, and yet, preserve its essential unity.

The common thread that runs through these articles are Madhuji's scholarship, his deep knowledge of social reform movement and freedom movement in India, his extensive knowledge of current affairs, his deep study of views and writings of Marx and Engels, and last but the least, his ability to be objective and to view developments and personalities from a different and unusual perspective.

The book should make an interesting reading for students and keen observers of politics."

Dear Popat, by Madhu Limaye. Letters to his son Aniruddha from Goa prison mentioned in his book 'Goa liberation movement and Madhu Limaye. Also published in Marathi as Ladkya Popatas.(To Dear Popat) Dear Tiny Tiny Pats, Our motherland became an independent country 14 years ago. The rule of the White British came to an end and the rule by our own people began. But Goa, although a part of our country remain slave.....

Title : Dear Popat

Author : Madhu Limaye

Illustrated by : Keerti Ramchandran

Publisher : National Book Trust

The beautiful day which dawned with India's freedom - 15th August 1947, unfortunately did not bring the same for the smallest but probably the most beautiful state of our country - Goa, which continued its struggle under the oppressive regime of Portuguese, for many more years after 1947.

Madhu Limaye, a freedom fighter, initiated a Satyagraha movement against Portuguese Government in 1955. For his protest, he was beaten mercilessly and was sentenced to a twelve year imprisonment. From the Fort Aguada Jail, he started writing letters to his 1 year old son - Popat (Aniruddh) - his way of filling the loneliness of his days by steering his mind and thoughts to the memory lanes of his family and his beloved son. He attempted to bridge the gap that physical distance had brought between a father and a son by sending a capsule of his affection regularly in written form.

The affectionate letters that he wrote to Popat must have been Popat's prized possessions throughout his life and now for us to savour the loving words of a father to his son. I simply enjoyed the diverse and disjoint topics, finding their mention in his letters - the way a child's attention moves from one thing to another - jerkily but enthusiastically.

In some letters he mentions about the fireflies coming through the window of his room and the conversation he had with them, the birds and animals which are being coaxed by him to convey his messages to his dear son Popat but they just eat the treat he offers and do not obey him. Sometimes he talks about mother sea and his son, who are engaged in a game of hide and seek and other times he describes about the huge ocean waves crashing against the rocks near the prison. Besides being in captivity, Limaye and his small group of friends, enjoyed and celebrated all special festivals and occasions including Popat's birthday and his father getting the special treatment of not doing any chores that day and just basking in the sweet memories of Popat.

Madhu Limaye has written some very profound pieces but he has neatly managed to bring his writing style to a very comfortable level where his son could understand the written matter when his mother read these letters to him. One thing which I liked the most is the tone of third person narrative which Limaye has used in most of his letters, the way children talk about themselves and while addressing others. Using words like Bho-bho for a dog, miao for a cat, chiu-tai for a sparrow, zhook-zhook for a train etc. lends an extra personal touch to the letters and make the reading very interesting.

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What is RSS? by Madhu Limaye describes What RSS is. IPSBU - INDIA I entered political life in 1937. I was quite young then but as I had passed my matriculation examination at a relatively early age, I also

Madhu Limaye also wrote many articles in Sadhana, A Marathi weekly publication.Sadhana is a Socialist Marathi weekly publication that was established by Pandurang Sadashiv Sane Sane Guruji , a leader of Rashtra Seva Dal.

54. MOINUDDIN BURHANUDDIN HARRIS (M.HARRIS), Publication/Books and Articles:

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The New socialist, Issues 11-15 Author Delhi (India). Socialist Research Bureau Publisher Socialist Research Bureau., 1958. OUR CONTRIBUTORS ROHIT DAVE, a leading economist, Editor of Janata, Bombay, and a member of the Rajya Sabha. One of the founder-members of the Indian Socialist Movement, he is now a member of the National Executive of the Praja Socialist Party.

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The task of preparing the cultural policy fell to Rohit Dave and Kamaladevi. And as soon as these leaders were released, in 1944, they set about giving concrete shape to the policy drafts." Damu Jhaveri was among those who got drafted. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyay: the romantic rebel, by Sakuntala Narasimhan - 1999 - 239 pages, mentioned about Rohit Dave on page no. 100.

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Poverty in India: Then and Now 1870-1970

M. L. Dantwala

Indian Agricultural Development Since Independence: A Collection of Essays

Asian Seminar on Rural Development: The Indian Experience

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Social Change through Voluntary Action

India's Food Problem

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